

# Midterm #2

*Please print your name:*

---

No notes, calculators or tools of any kind are permitted. There are 29 points in total. You need to show work to receive full credit.

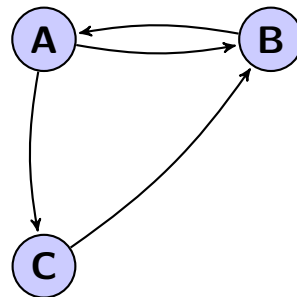
**Good luck!**

**Problem 1. (8 points)** Consider  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ .

- (a) Determine the SVD of  $A$ .
- (b) Determine the pseudoinverse of  $A$ .

**Problem 2. (6 points)** Suppose the internet consists of only the three webpages  $A, B, C$  which link to each other as indicated in the diagram.

Rank these webpages by computing their PageRank vector.



**Problem 3. (3 points)** Let  $A$  be the  $3 \times 3$  matrix for reflecting through the plane spanned by the vectors  $\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$ . Determine an orthogonal matrix  $P$  and a diagonal matrix  $D$  such that  $A = PDP^T$ .

**Problem 4. (2 points)** Write down a precise definition of what it means for vectors  $\mathbf{v}_1, \mathbf{v}_2, \dots, \mathbf{v}_m \in \mathbb{R}^n$  to be linearly independent.

Vectors  $\mathbf{v}_1, \mathbf{v}_2, \dots, \mathbf{v}_m \in \mathbb{R}^n$  are linearly independent if and only if ...

**Problem 5. (10 points)** Fill in the blanks.

(a) Let  $A$  be the  $3 \times 3$  matrix for an orthogonal projection onto a 2-dimensional subspace.

Then  $\det(A) =$  , and the eigenvalues of  $A$  are .

(b) If  $A$  is  $n \times n$ , then the product of its singular values equals .

(c) The pseudoinverse of  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$  is  $A^+ =$  .

(d) The  $2 \times 2$  rotation matrix by angle  $\theta$  is .

(e) If  $A$  has full column rank, then its pseudoinverse is given by the formula  $A^+ =$  .

(f) Suppose the linear system  $A\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{b}$  has infinitely many solutions  $\mathbf{x}$ .

Which of these solutions is produced by  $A^+\mathbf{b}$ ?

(g) If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ , then  $A^n =$  .

(h) If  $A$  is a projection matrix, then  $A^{2018} =$  .

(i) If  $A$  is a reflection matrix, then  $A^{2018} =$  .

(j) If  $A$  has SVD  $A = U\Sigma V^T$ , then  $A^T$  has SVD .

(extra scratch paper)