

# Inhomogeneous LDEs with constant coefficients

EG  $y'' + 4y' + 4y = e^{3x}$

$$p(D)y = e^{3x}$$

need: particular solution  $y_p(x)$

→ general solution:  
 $y_p(x) + y_h(x)$

"trick"  $(D-3)e^{3x} = 0$

$$(D-3)p(D)y = 0$$

roots: -2, -2, 3

general solution:

$$e^{-2x}(C_1 + C_2x) + C_3e^{3x}$$

→ there must be a particular sol.  $y_p$  of the form

$$y_p(x) = C_3e^{3x}$$

plug into original DE to find  $C_3$ :

$$y_p'' + 4y_p' + 4y_p \stackrel{!}{=} e^{3x}$$

$$y_p' = 3C_3e^{3x}$$

$$y_p'' = 9C_3e^{3x}$$

$$9C_3e^{3x} + 12C_3e^{3x} + 4C_3e^{3x} \stackrel{!}{=} e^{3x}$$

$$25C_3 = 1 \rightarrow C_3 = \frac{1}{25}$$

general solution:  $y_h$   $y_p$

$$e^{-2x}(C_1 + C_2x) + \frac{1}{25}e^{3x}$$

homogeneous  
equation:

$$y'' + 4y' + 4y = 0$$

$$p(D)y = 0$$

with  $p(D) = D^2 + 4D + 4$   
roots: -2, -2

general solution:

$$y_h(x) = e^{-2x}(C_1 + C_2x)$$