

Midterm #1 – Practice

Please print your name:

Reminder. No notes, calculators or tools of any kind will be permitted on the midterm exam.

Problem 1.

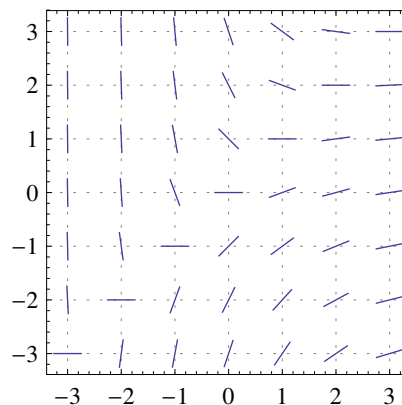
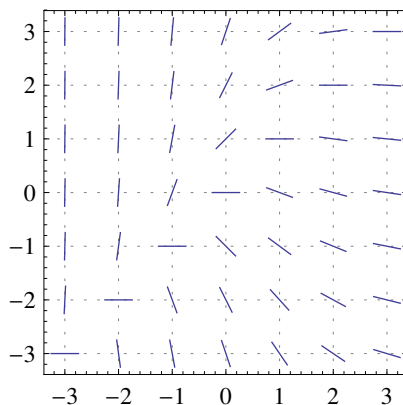
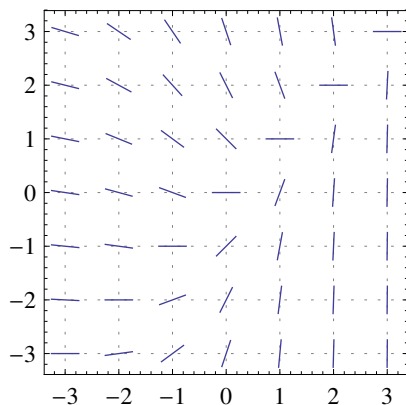
- (a) Find the general solution to $y'' + y' = 12y$.
- (b) Find the general solution to $y''' + y'' = 12y'$.

Problem 2. Consider the initial value problem

$$(xy + 2x)y' = \cos(x), \quad y(a) = b.$$

For which values of a and b can we guarantee existence and uniqueness of a (local) solution?

Problem 3. Circle the slope field below which belongs to the differential equation $e^x y' = x - y$.



Problem 4. In the differential equation $x(y + 1) \frac{dy}{dx} = (x^2 + y)^3$ substitute $u = (x^2 + y)^3$.

What is the resulting differential equation for u ?

No need to simplify!

Problem 5. Solve the initial value problem $y' = 2xy + 3x^2 e^{x^2}$, $y(0) = 5$.

Problem 6. Find a general solution to the differential equation $x(x + y)y' = y(3x + y)$.

Problem 7. Find a general solution to the differential equation $\frac{dy}{dx} + y^2 \sin(x) = 0$.

Problem 8. Find a general solution to the differential equation $xy' = y + x^2 \cos(x)$.

Problem 9. A tank contains 20gal of pure water. It is filled with brine (containing 5lb/gal salt) at a rate of 8gal/min. At the same time, well-mixed solution flows out at a rate of 6gal/min. How much salt is in the tank after t minutes?

Problem 10. The time rate of change of a rabbit population P is proportional to the square root of P . At time $t = 0$, the population numbers 100 rabbits and is increasing at the rate of 20 rabbits per month. How many rabbits will there be after two months?

Problem 11. A rising population is modeled by the differential equation $\frac{dP}{dt} = 1000P - 20P^2$.

- (a) When the population size stabilizes in the long term, how big will the population be?
- (b) Under which condition will the population size shrink?
- (c) What is the population size when it is growing the fastest?

Problem 12. Solve the initial value problem $x \frac{dy}{dx} = y - x e^{y/x}$, $y(1) = 0$.

Problem 13. Solve the initial value problem $(x^2 + 1) \frac{dy}{dx} + xy = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}}$, $y(0) = 1$.

Problem 14. Find a general solution to the differential equation $2 + \frac{dy}{dx} = \sqrt{2x + y}$.

Problem 15. Find a general solution to the differential equation $x^2 \frac{dy}{dx} - x^2 - y^2 - 3xy = 0$.