**Problem 1.** Consider the region bounded by the curves  $y = x^2$ , y = 0 and x = 2. Determine the area of this region.

## Solution.

- First, you should make a sketch!
- Our region extends from x = 0 to x = 2 (no real need to compute intersections), so the area of our region is

$$\int_0^2 x^2 \, \mathrm{d}x = \left[\frac{1}{3}x^3\right]_0^2 = \frac{8}{3}.$$

**Problem 2.** As in the previous problem, consider the region bounded by the curves  $y = x^2$ , y = 0 and x = 2. Determine the volume of the solid generated by revolving this region about the x-axis.

## Solution.

- Again, make a sketch first! (Or, in this case, refer to the earlier sketch.)
- Again, our region extends from x = 0 to x = 2, so the volume of our solid is

$$\int_0^2 \pi(x^2)^2 \, \mathrm{d}x = \pi \! \int_0^2 \! x^4 \, \mathrm{d}x = \pi \! \left[ \frac{1}{5} x^5 \right]_0^2 \! = \! \frac{32}{5} \, \pi.$$