

Homework #1

MATH 237 — Linear Algebra I
due Thursday, Aug 27, in class

Please print your name:

Problem 1. Consider the following system of linear equations:

$$\begin{aligned}x_1 + 2x_2 - x_3 &= 2 \\3x_1 - 2x_2 + x_3 &= 2 \\-x_1 + 2x_2 + 3x_3 &= 4\end{aligned}$$

- Determine its augmented matrix.
- Apply a sequence of elementary row operations to obtain an equivalent matrix in echelon form (“triangular” shape). Record all your row operations.
- Apply back-substitution to solve the corresponding linear system. Verify that your solution also solves the original linear system.
- Is this linear system consistent?

Solution.

$$(a) \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 2 & -1 & 2 \\ 3 & -2 & 1 & 2 \\ -1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \end{array} \right]$$

(b)

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 2 & -1 & 2 \\ 3 & -2 & 1 & 2 \\ -1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} R_2 - 3R_1 \Rightarrow R_2 \\ R_3 + R_1 \Rightarrow R_3 \end{array} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 2 & -1 & 2 \\ 0 & -8 & 4 & -4 \\ 0 & 4 & 2 & 6 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} R_3 + \frac{1}{2}R_2 \Rightarrow R_3 \end{array} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 2 & -1 & 2 \\ 0 & -8 & 4 & -4 \\ 0 & 0 & 4 & 4 \end{array} \right]$$

- (c) We find $x_3 = 1$ (because the third equation is $4x_3 = 4$), then $x_2 = 1$ (because $-8x_2 + 4 \cdot 1 = -4$) and, finally, $x_1 = 1$ (because $x_1 + 2 \cdot 1 - 1 \cdot 1 = 2$).

To verify that your solution also solves the original linear system, we just plug-in the values $x_1 = 1$, $x_2 = 1$ and $x_3 = 1$:

$$\begin{aligned}1 + 2 \cdot 1 - 1 &\stackrel{\checkmark}{=} 2 \\3 \cdot 1 - 2 \cdot 1 + 1 &\stackrel{\checkmark}{=} 2 \\-1 + 2 \cdot 1 + 3 \cdot 1 &\stackrel{\checkmark}{=} 4\end{aligned}$$

- (d) Yes, the linear system is consistent (because it has at least one solution; we actually know that it has exactly one solution). \square