

Preparation problems for the discussion sections on September 30th and October 2nd

1. Find an explicit description of  $\text{Nul } A$ , where

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 5 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 4 & -2 \end{bmatrix}.$$

2. Let  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 6 & 4 & 8 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$  and  $\mathbf{b} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$ .

Find the set of all solutions to the equation  $A\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{b}$ , and express it as the sum of a particular solution and solutions in the null space of  $A$ .

3. Consider the subspace

$$W := \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \\ d \end{bmatrix} : a = 2b + c, 2a = c - 3d \right\}.$$

Find a matrix  $A$  and a matrix  $B$  such that  $W = \text{Col}(A)$  and  $W = \text{Nul}(B)$ .

4. a) For which values of  $h$  is  $\mathbf{v}_3$  in the span of  $\mathbf{v}_1$  and  $\mathbf{v}_2$ ? b) For which values of  $h$  is  $\{\mathbf{v}_1, \mathbf{v}_2, \mathbf{v}_3\}$  linearly dependent?

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(i)} \quad \mathbf{v}_1 &= \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -5 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{v}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 10 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{v}_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -9 \\ h \end{bmatrix}, \\ \text{(ii)} \quad \mathbf{v}_1 &= \begin{bmatrix} -7 \\ 3 \\ -6 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{v}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{v}_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ h \end{bmatrix}, \\ \text{(iii)} \quad \mathbf{v}_1 &= \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ -4 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{v}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ -12 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{v}_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 9 \\ h \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}. \end{aligned}$$

5. Check whether the following sets of vectors are linearly independent. Justify your answer!

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a)} \quad & \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ -2 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ -3 \\ 9 \end{bmatrix} \right\} & \text{b)} \quad & \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \right\} \\ \text{c)} \quad & \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ -2 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 2 \\ 9 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \right\} & \text{d)} \quad & \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 0 \\ -1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -5 \\ 5 \\ 10 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \\ -1 \\ -11 \end{bmatrix} \right\} \end{aligned}$$

6. True or false? Justify your answers!

- If three vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  span a plane, then they are linearly dependent.
- If a set contains fewer vectors than there are entries in the vectors, then the set is linearly independent.
- If  $\mathbf{x}$  and  $\mathbf{y}$  are linearly independent, and if  $\mathbf{z}$  is in the span of  $\mathbf{x}$  and  $\mathbf{y}$ , then  $\mathbf{x}$ ,  $\mathbf{y}$  and  $\mathbf{z}$  are linearly dependent.
- If a set in  $\mathbb{R}^n$  is linearly independent, then it contains  $n$  vectors.