

Read Euler, read Euler, he is the master of us all.

— Pierre-Simon Laplace (1749–1827) —

**Problem 1.**

- (a) Find the Fourier series of the function of period 2 characterized by

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} t, & \text{for } 0 \leq t < 1, \\ t + 2, & \text{for } 1 \leq t < 2. \end{cases}$$

- (b) Let  $g(t)$  be the sum of the Fourier series you just calculated. Sketch the graph of  $g(t)$ . What are  $g(0)$ ,  $g(1)$  and  $g(2)$ ? Explain the general phenomenon.

**Problem 2.** A mass-spring system is described by the equation

$$mx'' + x = \sum_{\substack{n=1 \\ n \text{ odd}}}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2} \sin\left(\frac{nt}{3}\right).$$

- (a) For which  $m$  does pure resonance occur?  
(b) Find the general solution when  $m = 1/9$ .

**Problem 3.** Let  $f(t) = 1$  for  $t \in (0, L)$ .

- (a) Extend  $f(t)$  to an odd  $2L$ -periodic function  $f_o(t)$ . Sketch the graph of the sum of the Fourier series of  $f_o(t)$ .  
(b) Calculate the Fourier series of  $f_o(t)$  with period  $2L$ . (This is also known as the Fourier sine series of  $f(t)$ .)  
(c) Explain, using the heat equation as an example, why it can be useful to write a *constant function* as an infinite sum of sine terms.

**Problem 4.** For which values of  $\lambda$  does the boundary value problem

$$y'' + \lambda y = 0, \quad y'(0) = 0, \quad y(3) = 0$$

have nonzero solutions? Find all these solutions. Make sure to consider all cases.

**Problem 5.** Find the solution  $u(x, t)$ , for  $0 < x < 3$  and  $t \geq 0$ , to the heat conduction problem

$$2u_t = u_{xx}, \quad u_x(0, t) = 0, \quad u(3, t) = 0, \quad u(x, 0) = 2\cos\left(\frac{\pi x}{2}\right) + 7\cos\left(\frac{3\pi x}{2}\right).$$

Derive your solution using separation of variables (at some step you may refer to the previous problem). Don't rely on a formula.

**Problem 6.** Using the Laplace transform, solve the initial value problem  $x'' + 4x' + 4x = f(t)$  with  $x(0) = 0$ ,  $x'(0) = 0$  and

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} 2, & \text{for } 0 \leq t < 2, \\ t, & \text{for } 2 \leq t < 3, \\ 1, & \text{for } t \geq 3. \end{cases}$$

Finally, here is the table for the Laplace transform, which you will be given for the final exam.

$f(t)$	$F(s)$
$f'(t)$	$sF(s) - f(0)$
$f''(t)$	$s^2F(s) - sf(0) - f'(0)$
$e^{at}$	$\frac{1}{s-a}$
$\cos(\omega t)$	$\frac{s}{s^2 + \omega^2}$
$\sin(\omega t)$	$\frac{\omega}{s^2 + \omega^2}$
$t^n$	$\frac{n!}{s^{n+1}}$
$e^{at}f(t)$	$F(s-a)$
$tf(t)$	$-F'(s)$
$u_a(t)f(t-a)$	$e^{-sa}F(s)$